# **PROJECT RESULTS FRAMEWORK**

# This project will contribute to the following Sustainable Development Goal (s):

SDG 13 on climate action; SDG 15 on life on land; SDG 1 on poverty; SDG 5 on gender equality

# This project will contribute to the following country outcome included in the UNDAF/Country Programme Document:

UNPDF/CPD 2016-2020 Outcome 3. By 2020, Indonesia is sustainably managing its natural resources, on land and at sea, with an increased resilience to the effects of climate change, disasters and other shocks.

UNSDCF/CPD 2021-2025 Outcome 3. Institutions, communities and people actively apply and implement low carbon development, sustainable natural resources management, and disaster resilience approaches that are all gender sensitive.

# GCF Paradigm shift objectives:

	Objective and Outcome Indicators	Baseline	Mid-term Target	End of Project Target	Assumptions
SDG indicators	Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss  15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally  15.2.1 Progress towards sustainable	See http://unstats.un.or g/sdgs/indicators/d atabase/	Expected status a mid- point of project implementation	Expected status a project closure	Note how project data will link with national statistics offices or other bodies monitoring SDG indicators
	forest management				
FUND LEVEL IMPACT: C limited to one or two o	Copy from GCF funding proposal (no changes nly.	can be made) These a	e pre-defined and selected from th	ne GCF performance measurement	framework, should be
Fund level Impact: N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PROJECT OUTCOMES:					
Project Outcomes  M5.0 Strengthened institutional and regulatory systems for	5.1 Institutional and regulatory systems that improve incentives for low-emission planning and development and their effective implementation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

low emission planning and development	5.2 Number of effective coordination mechanisms				
M9.0 Improved management of land and forest contributing to emissions reductions	9.1 Hectares of land or forests under improved and effective management that contributes to CO2 emission reductions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PROJECT RESULTS:		1			<u> </u>
Project Results	1.1 Update and further develop the archit	ecture for REDD+			
Output 1. Strengthened REDD+ coordination and	1.1.1 Update and improve the national FREL	First FREL submitted to UNFCCC	Second FREL Document prepared	Second FREL ready to be submitted to UNFCCC	
implementation and overall REDD+ architecture	1.1.2 Update and improve National Forest Monitoring and national reporting Systems (e.g. SIMONTANA, GHG inventory, SIMONELA, SIGN SMART, SRN)	Initial Systems developed	Systems developed or enhanced and disseminated (disaggregated by system)     Capacity building carried out in 50% of the targeted provinces/regions (disaggregated by system)	System disseminated and operational (disaggregated by system)     Capacity building carried out in 100% of the targeted provinces (disaggregated by system)	Domestic travels are possible with minimal restrictions related to COVID-19 &/or internet connections are robust enough to enable some digital engagement as a stop-gap measure (summarized as "COVID-19").
	1.1.3 National and subnational REDD+ Implementation Strategies and related plans developed, updated &/or strengthened	National REDD+ Strategy (STRANAS) published in 2012; 11 Subnational REDD+ Action Plans (SRAP) in priority REDD+ Provinces, partly outdated; Draft REDD+ benefit sharing plans Plan	STRANAS 2021-2030 and SRAPs for targeted provinces finalized;     REDD+ benefit sharing plans plan, governance and distribution system developed	STRANAS and SRAPs endorsed     REDD+ benefit sharing plans plan, governance and distribution system are operational	The political will and support for REDD+ implementation at the national and subnational level continues.  COVID-19.  IEF is fully operational and coordinates closely with MOEF.
	1.1.4 Strengthen the Safeguards Information Systems at national and subnational level	SIS-REDD+ legalized in 2017	SIS-REDD+ website is updated and a guide to operate the website is developed.     SIS-REDD+ subadministrative is prepared	SIS-REDD+ and SRN are integrated and optimized for REDD+ actions.     Safeguards implementation at sub-national levels are reported on SIS-REDD+.	The political will and support for REDD+ implementation at the national and subnational level continues.  COVID-19.

1.1.5 Support reporting to the UNFCCC	REDD+ Technical Annex in 2018	REDD+ Technical Annex developed	REDD+ Technical Annex to the BUR submitted to UNFCCC	
1.1.6 Strengthen REDD+ Task Force at National Level	No REDD+ Task Force	Ministerial meeting, Technical and Steering Committees in place and operational	Ministerial meeting, Technical and Steering Committees in place and operational	The political will and support for REDD+ implementation at the national and subnational level continues.
1.2 Strengthen capacity for REDD+ implen	nentation			
1.2.1 Enhance key REDD+ regulations and policies (e.g. FREL, SIS-REDD+, Forest Moratorium, Carbon Economic Value, STRANAS, REDD+ MRV)	Initial draft (Carbon Economic Value) and Regulations (REDD+, FREL, SIS- REDD+, Forest Moratorium)	Regulation or policy updated and endorsed (disaggregated)	Regulation or policy updated and endorsed (disaggregated)	The political will and support for REDD+ implementation at the national and subnational level continues.  COVID-19.
1.2.2 Strengthen IEF capacity to qualify as GCF National Accredited Entity	No GCF accreditation	Requirements and gaps to be a GCF National Accredited Entity are identified	BDPLH submits application to be a GCF National Accredited Entity	IEF is fully operational and able to effectively coordinate with key
1.2.3 Strengthen IEF capacity as REDD+Fund Manager	No system in IEF to manage beneficiaries and intermediaries as required in IEF regulations on REDD+ Fund Distribution	1. Information system and databases to support REDD+ fund distribution developed. 2. Technical Team to evaluate proposals in line with IEF regulations established. 3. Monitoring and evaluation system for intermediaries developed. 4. At least 25% of priority beneficiaries and intermediaries have their proposal development, implementation and/or reporting capacity strengthened. 5. Project-specific Grievance Redress Mechanism is established, operational and at least 1 annual report is produced.	Information system and databases to support REDD+ fund distribution operational.     Technical Team to evaluate proposals in line with IEF regulations operational.     Monitoring and evaluation system for intermediaries operational.     At least 50% of priority beneficiaries and intermediaries have their proposal development, implementation and reporting capacity strengthened.     Project-specific Grievance Redress Mechanism is operational and at least 3 annual reports are produced.	stakeholders for implementation  Support received from various partners is coordinated by IEF effectively to maximize synergies  List of priority beneficiaries and intermediaries developed by IEF at the beginning of the project

1.2.4 Strengthen the capacity of relevant				
Directorates, subnational entities and				
other relevant stakeholders on				
safeguards, monitoring, and evaluation				
for each priority programme included in				
Output 2				

(i.e. Social Forestry; FMU Production; FMU Protection; KSDAE; Forest and Land Rehabilitation Program; mangrove rehabilitation program; Forest and Land Fire Control Program)

MOEF Performance and Accountability Report in 2020

# Common indicators:

- 1. Coordination body for safeguards implementation and monitoring established for each priority programme and meetings held at least 6 times on a quarterly basis (disaggregated).
- 2. Automatized App-based Monitoring and reporting system (i) developed (FMUs; community organizations or watershed management partners) or (ii) strengthened (SF; SINAV; mangrove rehabilitation; fire control) for enhanced activity & safeguards reporting (disaggregated).
- 3. At least 50% of targeted key staff and facilitators have their capacity strengthened:
- •SF: field foresters (incl. Social forestry facilitators, Indigenous Forest facilitators and tenurial conflict mediators) on safeguards and M&E implementation; FMU Production/Protection and KK/BKSDA (KSDAE) staff: supervision, forest fire control and complaints handling.

<u>Programme-specific indicators:</u> <u>Social Forestry:</u>

4. At least 4 revised PIAPS have been completed based on a 6-monthly revision stipulated by MOEF.

FMU Production/Protection:

# Common indicators:

- 1. Coordination meetings for safeguards implementation and monitoring held at least 12 times on a quarterly basis (disaggregated).
- 2. Enhanced monitoring and reporting system covering safeguards requirements operational and semi-annual reports generated (disaggregated);
- 3. Targeted key staff and facilitators have their capacity strengthened:
- SF: At least 75% of field foresters (incl. Social forestry facilitators, Indigenous Forest facilitators and tenurial conflict mediators) on safeguards and M&E implementation; and 75% of Social forestry facilitators, Indigenous Forest facilitators and tenurial conflict mediators.
- FMU Production/Protection and KK/BKSDA (KSDAE) staff: At least 100% of targeted FMU staff have their capacity strengthened on supervision, forest fire control and complaints handling.

<u>Programme-specific indicators:</u> <u>Social Forestry:</u>

4. At least 7 revised PIAPS have been completed based on a 6monthly revision stipulated by MOEF. Social Forestry and FMU and other relevant priority programmes remain national priorities to support reduction in emissions.

COVID-19.

		5. At least 50% of targeted KUPS have their capacity strengthened to improve their economic enterprises.  Forest and land fire control:  6. One study on the costs of preventing and suppressing forest and land fires per hectare conducted.  7. At least 50% of targeted communities have their capacity strengthened on forest and land fire control.  Forest and Land rehabilitation:  8. The National critical land map has been reviewed and updated to inform Forest and Land	FMU Production/Protection:  5. At least 100% of targeted KUPS have their capacity strengthened to improve their economic enterprises.  Forest and land fire control:  6. Study on the costs of preventing and suppressing forest and land fires per hectare is disseminated.  7. At least 100% of targeted communities have their capacity strengthened on forest and land fire control.  Forest and Land rehabilitation:  8. The National critical land map	
		Rehabilitation policy.  9. Watershed Action Plan is mainstreamed into RKPD.	update disseminated, and referenced for Forest and Land Rehabilitation policy.	
1.2.5 Implementation of the project- specific Environmental and Social Management Plan	Draft ESMF in GCF FP	Project-specific ESMP are updated, finalized, validated by stakeholders with adequate budget in place for its implementation and is in the process of implementation	100% of activities in ESMP implemented	The political will to support safeguards and gender implementation remains throughout the project duration.
1.2.6 Project-specific Gender Assessment and Action Plan updated	Gender Assessment and Action Plan in FP	Updated project-specific GAP finalized and validated by stakeholders, with adequate budget in place for its implementation and is in the process of implementation	100% of activities in GAAP implemented	
1.2.7 Independent Assessment for Performance-Based Payment in Output 2	No Independent Assessment validation report	At least 2 validation reports finalized for payments	At least 3 validation reports finalized for payments	COVID-19.  Reports and MOVs are provided by KLHK in time and with sufficient detail.  The multiplicity of results/indicators and geographical spread can

					be accommodated in a cost-effective manner (validation methodology) thanks to robust M&E systems.
	1.3 Communication, knowledge managem	ent & adaptive manage	ement		
	1.3.1 Support a Web or App-based Knowledge Pool on REDD+ particularly for GCF Activities	No web or app- based knowledge pool	Management Information System for REDD+ developed and integrated with other platforms	Management Information System for REDD+ operational	IEF is fully operational and coordinates closely with MOEF, donors and key stakeholders.
	1.3.2 Enhance IEF Reporting and Monitoring System - Spatial and Non-Spatial (link with SRN and other mechanisms including locations that have had the risk of emissions identified)	Management Information System is not operational	IEF Management Information System operational and linked to SRN managed by MOEF	Integrated IEF Management Information System operational	
	1.3.3 Enhance IEF Donor Coordination Mechanism	No Donor Meetings conducted	Meetings with donors held at least 3 times on a semi-annual basis	Meetings with donors held at least 6 times on a semi-annual basis	
	1.3.4 Dissemination of Programme	No success stories	At least 2 success stories developed and disseminated	At least 6 success stories developed and disseminated	
Output 2: Support to decentralized sustainable forest governance	Number of Ha (Area) under Social Forestry management scheme				The Government of Indonesia remains committed to forest preservation, the
(Targets will be	Number of KUPS established (addition) and/or moving up in maturity class				sustainable management of forests and climate change mitigation and
developed and included in Annex N)	Number of KPH Units established/strengthened in their capacity and operations				adaptation in the forest sector.
	Area (Ha) of Rehabilitated Forest and Land (RHL)				Domestic budgets remain sufficient to pre-finance activities covered by the
	Area (ha) of Forest and Land covered by Forest and Land Fires preventive efforts				PBP modality. The social forestry & FMU
	Area (ha) of Forest and Land covered by Forest and Land Fires extinguishment efforts				programmes are implemented in a way consistent with their

Number of KPH Units with increased capacity to facilitate Productive Community Enterprises	objectives of sustainable forest management, rather than promoting livelihoods at the expense of forests.
	The newly established the newly established Environmental Fund Management Agency (IEF), is fully operational and able to effectively coordinate activities with the relevant actors at national and subnational levels and report on them adequately.